Navigating Political Tides: A Libertarian's Ship to Shipwrecks

Chloe Hoffman, Anthony Torres, Grace P Thornton

Ann Arbor, Michigan

Ahoy, mateys! In this study, we set sail to uncover the curious correlation between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks. Avast, ye landlubbers, for we delved into the treasure trove of data from the MIT Election Data and Science Lab, Harvard Dataverse, and Wikipedia to unravel this enigmatic relationship. Our findings revealed a seaworthy correlation coefficient of 0.9537802 with a p-value less than 0.01 for the years 1976 to 2014. Sail with us through the murky waters of statistical analysis as we navigate through the perilous seas of election results and maritime mishaps. It seems that the Libertarian votes in New Mexico may have a larger impact on global nautical history than previously thought! But wait, here comes a pun-make sure to steer clear of rocky political shores to avoid any shipwrecks! So, shiver me timbers, the correlation between New Mexico's political preferences and global shipwrecks is nothing to scoff at. Join us in this adventurous voyage as we untangle the complexities of this unexpected association. Arrr, matey, prepare to be amazed by the unlikely connections we've uncovered.

The intersection of political behavior and maritime mishaps may seem like uncharted waters, but as the saying goes, "Where there's a political wheel, there's a seaway." In this paper, we dive deep into the unexpected connection between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and the occurrence of global shipwrecks. This analysis aims to shed light on the potential influence of state-level political preferences on international maritime events, and you can bet your bottom doubloon we'll have a whale of a time uncovering this correlation.

To set the stage for our voyage, let's first consider the historical significance of New Mexico in presidential elections. The state has often been a battleground for political parties, but perhaps it's also a battleground for ships navigating the treacherous waters of our planet. After all, it would be fitting to say that New Mexico's electoral decisions have ripple effects not only in the political arena but also in the seven seas. And speaking of ripples, have you heard the one about the Libertarian who tried to integrate calculus and sailing? He wanted to find the integral of x^2 , but all he got were sea-leeks.

Our quest for understanding this peculiar correlation entails weaving through the waves of data obtained from reputable sources, including the MIT Election Data and Science Lab and historical records of maritime incidents. We used rigorous statistical methods to chart our course, and the results were not just ship-shape but also brought to light an unexpected link between the political preferences of New Mexicans and the fate of seafaring vessels around the globe. It appears that the votes cast in the Land of Enchantment hold more sway than one might have bargained for – pun intended, of course. And remember, when you're researching political tides and marine mishaps, it's crucial to stay buoyant!

As we hoist the sails and navigate through the uncharted waters of this peculiar correlation, we invite readers to join us on this intellectual expedition. Not all who wander are lost, but those who wander into unexpected research pairings may find themselves with a boatload of intriguing discoveries. So, batten down the hatches, for we're about to embark on a scholarly escapade that promises not only academic insights but also a fair share of sea-themed puns. After all, why did the political scientist bring a map on their yacht? They wanted to navigate the political currents and make sure they didn't get "left-ern" behind! So hop on board as we navigate this uncharted intellectual terrain, ready to uncover the surprises that lurk beneath the waves of statistical analysis.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Smith et al. (2017) delved into the political landscape of New Mexico and its impact on national elections, shedding light on the intriguing dynamics of state-level voting patterns. Doe and Jones (2019) echoed these sentiments, emphasizing the nuanced interplay between local and federal politics. But what they may not have realized is that these political tides could potentially lead to some unexpected nautical consequences. Now, let's steer our ship into the unconventional waters of literary and cinematic references related to our study.

In "The Sea Around Us," Rachel Carson explores the captivating mysteries of the ocean, sparking curiosity about the hidden stories beneath the waves. Similarly, "Unsinkable: The Full Story of the RMS Titanic" by Daniel Allen Butler provides a detailed account of a maritime disaster that continues to intrigue and captivate audiences. Ah, the allure of shipwrecks and the ocean's enigmatic hold on our collective imagination!

Turning to fiction, Jules Verne's "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea" immerses readers in a world of underwater exploration, where the unexpected lurks around every corner. Meanwhile, Clive Cussler's "Sahara" takes readers on a highoctane adventure that intertwines politics and maritime peril. Now, if only our research journey could be as action-packed as a Clive Cussler novel!

On the silver screen, movies like "Master and Commander: The Far Side of the World" and "Pirates of the Caribbean: The Curse of the Black Pearl" showcase the drama and danger of seafaring adventures. In these tales of high seas and high stakes, we catch glimpses of the unpredictable nature of maritime exploration and the thrilling escapades that await those who dare to venture into uncharted waters. Such films may not be directly related to our research, but they certainly add a cinematic flair to the maritime theme of our study.

Now, back to the serious business of academic research. Our analysis leads us to an intriguing juncture where the winds of statistical significance blow in unison with the currents of electoral preference. Lorem and ipsum, but let's not lose sight of the larger picture amid these statistical intricacies. As we navigate this curious correlation, remember folks, always be on the lookout for potential political shipwrecks – they may just be lurking beneath the surface!

But hey, you know what's even more fascinating than a shipwreck? A politically informed electorate that also appreciates a good dad joke. Because let's face it, when it comes to research on unexpected correlations, we're all in the same boat! And if you're ever feeling adrift in the complexities of academic literature, just remember: buoyancy is key, both in research and at sea.

METHODOLOGY

Setting Sail with Data Collection:

Aboy there, fellow seafarers of academia! Our intrepid journey into the uncharted waters of statistical correlation began with the collection of electoral and maritime data. We cast our net far and wide, trawling the digital seas for information from dependable sources such as the MIT Election Data and Science Lab, Harvard Dataverse, and the annals of maritime history as immortalized on Wikipedia. We harnessed the power of the internet's glistening waves to gather election results for the state of New Mexico from 1976 to 2014, alongside a treasure trove of worldwide shipwreck data covering the same time span. Our trusty crew of data analysts toiled day and night, navigating the tumultuous currents of online databases and archives to amass a bounty of information fit for scientific scrutiny.

Sampling Strategies:

As any seasoned researcher knows, plotting a course through the tempestuous seas of data necessitates a well-crafted sampling strategy. We utilized a systematic sampling method to navigate through the electoral results in New Mexico, ensuring that each presidential election year was represented in our analysis. Similarly, for the maritime mishaps, we adopted a stratified sampling approach based on geographical regions to capture the breadth of shipwreck occurrences across the globe. Our data set thus became a veritable compass of statistical significance, guiding our inquiry into the uncharted territory of the unexpected correlation between political preferences and nautical misadventures. But speaking of sampling, have you heard about the statistician who loved to go sailing? He always advocated for a nautical approach, saying, "When in doubt, use a Bayesian net!"

Statistical Rigging and Data Analysis:

With our data securely hoisted aboard, we navigated the currents of statistical rigging and analysis. Employing the venerable tool of correlation analysis, we calculated the Pearson correlation coefficient to measure the strength and direction of the relationship between votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks. The results were as clear as a cloudless day at sea, revealing a significant correlation coefficient of 0.9537802 with a p-value less than 0.01. This finding buoyed our spirits, signaling a compelling association worthy of further exploration. We resisted the siren call of overfitting and diligently steered clear of common method bias to ensure the integrity of our findings, all while wearing our statistical safety goggles to prevent any data "sea-prises" from catching us off guard. After all, in the realm of statistical analysis, it's crucial to stay afloat and never let your guard down, lest you become a victim of the dreaded statistical undertow!

But wait, there's a wave of humor heading our way! Did you hear about the ship captain who was a statistics enthusiast? When asked about the correlation between his course and the ship's speed, he simply replied, "I'm not sure, but let's chart a scatterplot and see if we're on a collision course with statistical significance!"

In conclusion, our methodology navigated the treacherous waters of data collection, sampling strategies, and statistical analysis with unwavering resolve. We set our sights on the horizon of knowledge, ready to uncover the mysteries hidden beneath the waves of electoral choices and maritime calamities. Join us as we chart a course toward the discussion and interpretation of our findings, promising both academic enlightenment and the occasional sea-worthy pun along the way.

RESULTS

The results of our analysis revealed a remarkably strong correlation of 0.9537802 between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and the occurrence of global shipwrecks from 1976 to 2014. This correlation was accompanied by an r-squared value of 0.9096967, indicating that over 90% of the variance in global shipwrecks can be explained by the votes for the Libertarian candidate in New Mexico. The p-value of less than 0.01 suggests that this correlation is statistically significant, which is certainly a cause for celebration – perhaps with a maritime-themed party, complete with ship-shaped cookies and sea shanties.

In Fig. 1, the scatterplot visually depicts this strong correlation, illustrating the undeniable link between

the political choices of New Mexicans and the unfortunate fate of ships worldwide. We can almost hear the ships crying "aye-aye" to the Libertarian votes, as if expressing their approval of the electoral decisions influencing their nautical destiny. One might even say that the votes in New Mexico cast a "Liber-ship-tarian" spell on global maritime events – or at least provided an unexpectedly strong tug on the seas of fate.

It's fascinating to ponder how the political preferences of one state could be linked to global shipwrecks, but as the saying goes, "All hands on deck for unexpected correlations!" Our findings not only shed light on this curious relationship but also add a splash of intrigue to the often-serious world of statistical analysis. After all, who would have thought that the political landscape of New Mexico holds such sway over the high seas? It's a reminder that in the vast ocean of data, unexpected connections can emerge from the depths and embark on their own scholarly voyages.



Figure 1. Scatterplot of the variables by year

As we reflect on these results, it's clear that the tale of libertarian votes and maritime mishaps is not just a "fishy" story but a statistically robust phenomenon worth further exploration. Our findings have set sail on a new frontier of interdisciplinary inquiry, emphasizing the need to navigate not only the expected routes of research but also the uncharted waters of unusual correlations. And who knows, perhaps uncovering these unexpected connections will eventually lead us to the elusive "treasure island" of knowledge, or at the very least, a good laugh at the quirky twists of academic exploration.

In conclusion, our study not only confirms the compelling association between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks but also beckons researchers to embrace the spirit of intellectual adventure. So, as we bid adieu to this leg of our research journey, we encourage fellow scholars to keep their eyes on the horizon for the next captivating conundrum that awaits discovery. After all, in the world of academia, there's always another unexpected correlation just waiting to be uncovered – and who knows, it might just be anchored in a sea of puns.

DISCUSSION

Ahoy, there! Our findings have charted a course through the uncharted waters of interdisciplinary research, revealing a remarkably sturdy link between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks. It's as if the political winds blowing through the desert state have set sail on a global maritime escapade, leaving their mark on nautical history.

Now, let's dive into these results as we navigate the scholarly sea of unexpected correlations. It's clear that the association between New Mexico's political preferences and global shipwrecks isn't just a fluke – it's a statistically robust phenomenon that's all shipshape and Bristol fashion. The r-squared value points to over 90% of the variance in global shipwrecks being influenced by the votes for the Libertarian candidate in New Mexico, leaving very little room for mere coincidence. One might even say this correlation is as solid as the bow of a seaworthy vessel.

Our findings corroborate the musings of Smith et al. (2017) and Doe and Jones (2019) regarding the impact of state-level voting patterns on national politics, but they inadvertently hoist the sails of our study into the academic stratosphere, elevating seemingly unconventional connections to the status of serious scholarly inquiry. We've managed to

unearth a treasure trove of statistical evidence that not only supports prior research but also pushes the boundaries of what we understand about the intersection of politics and maritime history. It's enough to make one ship their breeches with excitement!

Fig. 1 paints a vivid picture of this correlation, akin to a seafaring adventure where every plotted point is a waypoint on the journey to uncovering unexpected scholarly treasures. And speaking of treasures, who knew that the electoral decisions of New Mexicans could hold such sway over the fate of ships across the globe? It's as if the waters of statistical significance have parted to reveal a novel phenomenon worthy of further investigation.

In essence, this correlation isn't just a footnote in the annals of academic research; it's the crowning jewel in our scholarly treasure chest. Our findings call for a paradigm shift in the way we approach and appreciate unexpected correlations, urging researchers to hoist their intellectual sails and venture into uncharted territories of inquiry. After all, in the vast ocean of data, one can never be sure what curious tides may bring.

As we navigate these uncharted waters of scholarly discovery, it's clear that unexpected correlations can serve as the North Star guiding our research pursuits. So, let's heed the call to embrace the spirit of intellectual adventure and be on the lookout for the next captivating conundrum that awaits discovery. And remember, in the world of academia, there's always another unexpected correlation just waiting to be uncovered – and who knows, it might just be anchored in a sea of puns.

Now, we'll leave the conclusion to further research, but in the meantime, let's bask in the glow of our scholarly voyage and appreciate the unexpected connections that have emerged from the depths. After all, in the grand adventure of academia, it's not every day that we stumble upon a correlation that's as captivating as a siren's song. So, until we meet again in the scholarly seas, fair winds and following seas to all who dare to explore the uncharted waters of research!

CONCLUSION

In navigating the uncharted waters of unexpected correlations, our study has illuminated a captivating association between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks. The robust correlation coefficient of 0.9537802 and the r-squared value of 0.9096967 leave little doubt that New Mexico's political preferences have a significant impact on maritime mishaps worldwide. It's as if the ships are saying, "Lib-arr, matey, we feel the pull of those votes!"

The statistical significance of this correlation, with a p-value less than 0.01, emphasizes the need to take these findings seriously – but not too seriously! After all, we don't want to end up shipwrecked in a sea of overly solemn academic prose. As the saying goes, "Why did the statistical pirate go to school? To improve his arrrrrrrr-squared!" So, while we take pride in the rigorous statistical analysis underpinning this study, we also appreciate the need to infuse scholarly pursuits with a sense of adventure and, dare we say, a splash of humor.

Our findings underscore the interconnectedness of seemingly disparate phenomena, reminding us that research is not merely about drawing straight lines but also about following the captivating curves that emerge from unexpected correlations. It's like finding a hidden treasure map in the midst of data – exhilarating and full of promise, much like a well-crafted dad joke.

Now, as we steer our ship towards the horizon of further research, it's unmistakably clear that no more research is needed into the connection between the votes for the Libertarian presidential candidate in New Mexico and global shipwrecks. This unexpected correlation has been thoroughly explored, leaving us with a plethora of maritimeinspired puns and a newfound appreciation for the serendipitous discoveries that lie beneath the tides of data analysis. But fear not, fellow scholars, for the seas of academic inquiry are teeming with other mysterious connections waiting to be brought to light. So, hoist the sails, set course for new intellectual endeavors, and never underestimate the power of a well-timed pun to keep scholarly pursuits afloat!