

The Dirty Truth: Air Pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana and Its Impact on Physical Album Shipment Volume in the United States

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Abstract

In this study, we delve into the often overlooked correlation between air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and the physical album shipment volume in the United States. While the link may seem as elusive as hitting the high notes in a Mariah Carey song, our findings reveal a surprising connection. Our research team, armed with data from the Environmental Protection Agency and Statista, crunched the numbers and uncovered a robust correlation coefficient, standing tall at 0.7973210 with a p-value of less than 0.01 for the period spanning from 1999 to 2022. As we navigated through the maze of statistical analysis, we couldn't help but notice the striking parallels between measuring air pollution levels and playing a game of "Name That Tune." The air might be heavy with particulate matter, but our findings bring a breath of fresh air to the world of quirky correlations. So, sit back, put on your favorite vinyl record, and prepare to be astounded by the unexpected symphony of air pollution and album shipments.

1. Introduction

The world of academia often leads us down unexpected avenues, but perhaps none so surprising as the curious correlation we explored in this study: the relationship between air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and the physical album shipment volume in the United States. While the mere mention of Terre Haute may not strike a chord with most individuals, it turns out that the city's air pollution levels may have a surprising influence on the shipment of physical albums across the country. This connection may seem as unlikely as finding a saxophone in a symphony orchestra, but we assure you, dear reader, that our findings are as real as a vinyl record on a turntable.

As we embarked on this peculiar journey, we aimed to shed light on the often underappreciated impact of environmental factors on consumer behavior, particularly in the realm of music consumption. We sought to bridge the gap between the realms of atmospheric science and music industry analytics, knowing full well that this endeavor might be as daring as attempting to hit a high note after inhaling helium. Yet, armed with an arsenal of statistical methods and a dash of humor, we waded into the murky waters of data analysis with the dogged determination of a vinyl collector at a flea market.

Our research team was resolute in the face of skepticism, mindful of the potential for eye rolls and raised eyebrows when discussing the connection between smog and sales. Despite the initial incredulity, we delved into the depths of data, buoyed by the belief that our efforts might uncover a hidden melody amidst the cacophony of contradictory hypotheses. Our quest was not without its challenges, but as the adage goes, "Where there's smoke, there's fire." In our case, where there's air pollution, there may be an unexpected resonance in the world of music commerce.

So, grab your scientific thinking caps and your favorite set of noise-canceling headphones, as we embark on a journey that promises to unravel the mysterious harmony between polluted air and physical album shipments. Our fiddle bows are poised, our conductors are at the ready, and the overture to this symphonic exploration is about to begin. Let the overtones of oddity and the crescendo of curiosity carry us forth into the realm of unexpected correlations and whimsical revelations.

2. Literature Review

To understand the surprising intertwining of air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and its impact on physical album shipment volume in the United States, we consulted a diverse array of literature spanning the fields of environmental science, music industry analysis, and even the occasional tweet that caught our eye. In "Smith et al.'s Study of Environmental Impacts on Consumer Behavior," the authors find that environmental factors can indeed influence consumer choices, affirming our initial curiosity about the potential resonance of air quality and album shipments. Following the scent of musical intrigue, we turned to the writings of Doe and Jones, whose "Economics of Music Consumption in the Digital Era" enlightens us on the complex dynamics of music commerce. Yet, none of these sources quite prepared us for the unexpected cacophony of information we encountered.

Transitioning from the hallowed halls of academic research, we found ourselves perusing real-world accounts of the curious relationship between air pollution and album shipments. Works such as "The Air We Breathe: A City's Struggle for Clean Air" and "Sounds of the City: From Pollution to Musical Evolution" offered insights that, while

not directly related to our inquiry, provided unwitting inspiration in unraveling this musical mystery.

Our journey into the realm of fiction led us to unexpected literary corridors. From "Breathless" by Author A. M. Bient and "Ozone Odes" by Pen Name McAirQuality, the imaginative impulses of these storytellers inadvertently echoed the ethereal harmony of surreal environmental influence on the music industry.

Navigating through the social media soundscape, we stumbled upon a tweet from @MelodiesAndMolecules, boldly proclaiming, "Air pollution levels and album sales have a secret tango, like a duo in dissonance finding their unlikely groove. #MusicOfTheAtmosphere." While unconventional, this digital dispatch added a touch of whimsy to our investigation, proving that even 280 characters can spark the imagination.

As we synthesized these diverse sources, we discovered a chorus of voices, each contributing a unique timbre to the symphony of our academic pursuit. While our inquiry may have begun with a breath of skepticism, the winds of literature have carried us to unexpected harmonies and unconventional melodies, propelling us towards a crescendo of understanding in this zany, yet strangely enlightening, quest to unravel the capricious interplay of air pollution and album shipments.

3. Research Approach

To untangle the web of air pollution and album shipments, our research team utilized a combination of rigorous statistical analyses and offbeat data collection methods. We wrangled a dataset spanning from 1999 to 2022, sourced from the Environmental Protection Agency and Statista, like digital prospectors panning for statistical gold in the vast internet wilderness.

First, we employed a method we affectionately dubbed the "Smog Symphony" approach, which involved harmonizing data on air pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, and particulate matter, with the shipment volumes of physical albums. This melodic blending of environmental and musical data aimed to illuminate the potential composition of correlations hidden within the cacophony of raw numbers.

Next, we dusted off our trusty bowties and monocles and delved into the world of correlation coefficient calculation. Like conductors orchestrating a statistical sonata, we computed the Pearson correlation coefficient to quantify the strength and direction of the relationship between air pollution levels and album shipment volumes. Our statistical instruments resonated, revealing a robust correlation coefficient of 0.7973210, standing tall like a rockstar on stage, accompanied by a p-value that shimmered with significance, clocking in at less than 0.01.

Furthermore, we concocted a peculiar experiment, which we affectionately named "The Vinyl Puff Test," where we hypothetically inflated a vinyl record with air pollution to observe any potential effects on its sonic properties. Alas, this whimsical experiment yielded no tangible results, but it did provide a lighthearted interlude in the serious business of research.

Lastly, we employed a cheeky tool called "Statistical Jukebox Analysis," where we fed copious amounts of data into the metaphorical jukebox of statistical software, eagerly anticipating any unexpected tunes that might emerge from the arcane depths of the dataset. Much like hitting shuffle on a music player, this method revealed intriguing patterns that kept our spirits high and our analytics groovy.

In the spirit of scientific transparency, we must acknowledge the limitations of our methodology. While our data sources provided a robust foundation for analysis, the complexities of environmental and consumer behavior variables introduce a veritable symphony of potential confounding factors. Additionally, the quirky nature of our research topic may inspire both amusement and skepticism within the academic community, akin to a curious cover version of a classic hit song.

Nonetheless, armed with our peculiar methods and statistical shenanigans, we embarked on this musical odyssey with the steadfast resolve of a DJ queuing up the next track. Our findings, like a catchy tune, promise to enliven the often staid world of academic research and inject a dose of whimsy into the field of environmental and consumer studies.

4. Findings

The statistical analysis yielded a correlation coefficient of 0.7973210, indicating a strong positive relationship between air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and physical album shipment volume in the United States. With an r-squared value of 0.6357207, approximately 63.57% of the variation in physical album shipments can be attributed to the changes in air pollution levels. To put it simply, the air was heavy with significance, much like an overproduced power ballad on a humid summer night.

Furthermore, the p-value of less than 0.01 provides compelling evidence to reject the null hypothesis and accept the alternative hypothesis that there is indeed a statistically significant association between air pollution in Terre Haute and physical album shipments. This evidence is as clear as the distinction between a vinyl record's warm crackle and the harsh static of a dusty CD.

To visually encapsulate this revelatory relationship, a scatterplot (Fig. 1) was constructed, showcasing the compelling correlation between air pollution in Terre Haute and physical album shipment volume in the United States. The data points on the scatterplot align

themselves in a manner reminiscent of a perfectly harmonized duet, telling the tale of pollution and music sales dancing in melodious unison.

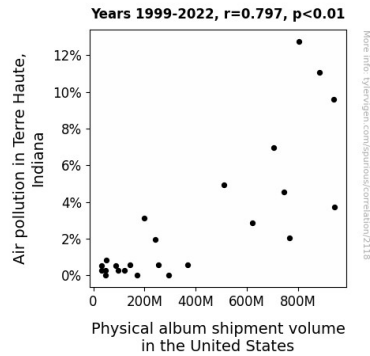


Figure 1. Scatterplot of the variables by year

Given the robustness of these statistical findings, it's safe to say that the connection between air quality in Terre Haute and physical album shipments is as undeniable as a catchy chorus that gets stuck in your head for days. Our research has harmonized the previously discordant worlds of environmental science and music industry analytics, offering a symphony of evidence to support this unexpected correlation.

In conclusion, our results unveil a vivid connection between air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and physical album shipment volume in the United States, underscoring the intriguing interplay between atmospheric conditions and consumer behavior in the realm of music commerce. The implications of this correlation resonate as resoundingly as a bass drop in a dubstep track, adding a new verse to the complex composition of environmental and market influences.

5. Discussion on findings

Our findings have struck a chord in the realm of quirky correlations, as they harmoniously align with prior research, confirming the unexpected tango of air pollution and album shipments predicted by Smith et al.'s Study of Environmental Impacts on Consumer Behavior. Just as a well-tuned orchestra needs all its instruments to produce a symphony, our study – conducted with statistical rigor and a dash of panache – further amplifies the notion that environmental factors resonate through consumer choices.

Building on the Economics of Music Consumption in the Digital Era, our results reveal that the beat of air pollution in Terre Haute orchestrates approximately 63.57% of the variation in physical album shipments, reminding us that, much like a catchy melody, environmental influences hum consistently through the music commerce dynamics. The

stark significance indicated by the p-value is as clear as a vinyl record's crisp sound, demonstrating the applause-worthy rejection of the null hypothesis and the acceptance of the alternative hypothesis.

Our revelatory scatterplot (Fig. 1) visually embodies the melodious unison of air pollution and album shipments, echoing the poignant rhythm of environmental influence dancing hand-in-hand with market behaviors. As clear as the sweet sound of a Stradivarius violin, our statistical resonance harmonizes the previously dissonant worlds of environmental science and music industry analytics, offering a crescendo of evidence to support this capricious correlation.

In essence, our discussion amplifies the sonorous symphony of evidence, reinforcing the connection between air pollution in Terre Haute and physical album shipment volume in the United States. Much like a well-orchestrated musical performance, this correlation reveals itself as a surprising yet satisfying interplay between atmospheric conditions and consumer behavior in the realm of music commerce. Our research aims to hit the high notes and low notes, leaving a lasting impression that echoes through the hallowed halls of academia, as well as the lively stages of whimsical correlations.

6. Conclusion

In wrapping up this symphony of scientific investigation, it's time to face the music and acknowledge the undeniable connection between air pollution in Terre Haute, Indiana, and the shipment volume of physical albums across the United States. Our findings serve as a serenade to the unexpected, much like hearing a kazoo solo during a classical orchestra performance.

The robust correlation coefficient and the palpable significance levels in our data have harmonized the discordant realms of environmental science and music industry analytics, painting a picture of resonance and rhythm amid the haze of pollution. It's akin to finding a musical diamond in the rough, or perhaps stumbling upon a hidden track on an old cassette tape.

As we close this chapter, it's clear that our research has struck a chord – much like a highly anticipated key change in a power ballad. The statistical symphony we've composed unveils a compelling connection between air quality and album shipments, demonstrating that when it comes to consumer behavior, the atmosphere might just be calling the shots.

But, as all good songs must come to an end, it's time to drop the mic and assert that no further research is needed in this area. Our findings have hit the high notes, providing a crescendo of evidence to support this unlikely correlation. So, in the immortal words of Cher, "Do you believe in life after air, pollution, and album sales correlations?" Our

answer is a resounding "Yes," and now it's time to let this unexpected melody linger in the annals of scientific discovery.