
Blasting off with Budgets: The Galactic Connection Between Robberies in California and NASA's Funding as a Percentage of the Total US Federal Budget

Catherine Hernandez, Aaron Thomas, Gloria P Tucker

Abstract

This research paper presents the tantalizingly hilarious investigation into the relationship between robberies in California and the funding allocated to NASA as a percentage of the overall US Federal Budget. Through the meticulous analysis of data from the FBI Criminal Justice Information Services, as well as the cosmic insights from Planetary.org, our research team unveiled a correlation coefficient of 0.8987233 and a p-value less than 0.01 for the period of 1985 to 2022. The results call for a reexamination of the old adage "money doesn't grow on trees" to perhaps "money doesn't fly out of this world" as we delve into the possibility of astronomical influences on earthly misdemeanors. This unexpected connection between earthly theft and astronomical budgets sheds light on the cosmic forces at play in the world of economics and crime, inviting further exploration and comedic speculation.

1. Introduction

The relationship between earthly phenomena and celestial events has long intrigued both scholars and casual observers alike. This paper aims to delve into the connection between incidents of robbery in the state of California and the allocation of funds to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) as a percentage of the total US Federal Budget. The idea that there may be a cosmic correlation between criminal activities and extraterrestrial funding may at first seem far-fetched, but our study uncovers an unexpectedly compelling association.

While the common aphorism "money doesn't grow on trees" has been a standard maxim of financial wisdom, our findings prompt us to consider the possibility that "money doesn't fly out of this world." Just as the moon exerts its gravitational pull on the tides, could the cosmos similarly influence the ebb and flow of fiscal allocations and criminal behavior? This paper seeks to explore the implications of such a cosmic link, offering a humorous and thought-provoking perspective on the entwined nature of economics, astronomy, and mischievous human behavior.

One cannot help but be drawn to the juxtaposition of the down-to-earth realm of crime in California with the stratospheric aspirations of NASA's annual

budget within the grand tapestry of the US Federal Budget. As we peel back the layers of this unique relationship, it becomes evident that there may be more than just a celestial pun or two at play in the universe of government finance and criminal activity.

Our research not only unveils an intriguing correlation between these seemingly disparate elements, but it also underscores the need for a reexamination of our understanding of the interconnected forces shaping our world. We invite our readers to join us on this cosmic journey through the cosmos of economics and crime, as we unravel the enigmatic tie between theft and the stars.

2. Literature Review

Smith (2010) investigates the potential link between economic phenomena and cosmic events, setting the stage for a discussion of the cosmic connection between fiscal allocations and criminal behavior. Similarly, Doe (2015) delves into the intricacies of budgetary trends within federal agencies, prompting a closer examination of the potential influence of space exploration on mundane criminal activities. Furthermore, Jones (2018) expounds on the broader implications of celestial bodies on economic principles, paving the way for a whimsically engaging exploration of the relationship between robberies in California and NASA's funding as a percentage of the total US Federal Budget.

A number of non-fiction works shed light on the intersection of economics, astronomy, and crime, providing a robust foundation for our investigation. "The Economic Universe: From Black Holes to Black Markets" by Galactic Economist et al. (2019) offers a comprehensive analysis of the parallels between cosmic phenomena and financial systems, fueling our curiosity about potential astro-economic connections. Additionally, "Starlight, Starbright: How Celestial Bodies Shape Our Daily Lives" by Solar System Sociologist (2016) provides a sociological lens through which to examine the impact of cosmic forces on earthly activities, inspiring us to consider the influence of NASA's budget on criminal behaviors in California.

Turning to fictional literature, "The Martian Heist" by Space Sleuth (2020) presents an imaginative tale of interplanetary theft, offering a whimsical yet thought-provoking narrative that underscores the potential impact of cosmic exploration on criminal ventures. In a similar vein, "Cosmic Capers: Mischievous Adventures Beyond the Stratosphere" by Intergalactic Author (2017) invites readers on a lighthearted journey through celestial escapades, prompting reflection on the intersection of extraterrestrial aspirations and earthly transgressions.

In the course of this literature review, it is essential to note the unexpected sources of insight that have contributed to our understanding of the cosmic connection between robberies in California and NASA's budget as a percentage of the total US Federal Budget. While traditional scholarly works have provided valuable context, our team has also drawn inspiration from unconventional sources, including interpretive dance performances, vintage cereal box advertisements, and even the cryptic messages hidden within CVS receipts. These unorthodox influences, while not formally acknowledged in academic circles, have nevertheless sparked moments of hilarity and creative contemplation in our pursuit of cosmic correlations.

As we synthesize the diverse perspectives gleaned from both scholarly and unconventional sources, it becomes clear that the relationship between earthly theft and astronomical budgets is a topic of immense hilarity and profound absurdity. This confluence of economics, astronomy, and mischief invites us to embrace the whimsical possibilities inherent in the cosmic ballet of financial allocations and criminal capers.

3. Methodology

To investigate the unearthly connection between robberies in California and NASA's budget as a percentage of the total US Federal Budget, our research team employed a range of celestial and terrestrial research methods.

First, the data on robberies in California was collected from the FBI Criminal Justice Information Services, which compiles crime statistics from law

enforcement agencies across the United States. This information provided a terrestrial foundation for our analysis, grounding our investigation in the earthly realm of criminal activity.

Next, to capture the cosmic dimension of the research, our team turned to Planetary.org, a renowned source of astronomical insights. There, we accessed data on NASA's budget as a percentage of the total US Federal Budget, spanning the years from 1985 to 2022. This cosmic perspective allowed us to juxtapose the extraterrestrial aspirations of NASA's funding with the down-to-earth realm of criminal activities in California.

The data from both sources were subjected to rigorous analysis, including correlation coefficients and statistical significance testing. Through a methodological approach that blended the earthly data with the cosmic insights, we aimed to shed light on the intriguing relationship between fiscal allocations for space exploration and criminal behaviors on our own planet.

Furthermore, we employed a comically convoluted algorithm, affectionately named the "Cosmically Ridiculous Correlation Calculator," to humorously probe the potential links between these phenomena. While the algorithm's output was lighthearted, its code was crafted with the utmost academic rigor, infusing the analysis with both levity and statistical robustness.

The juxtaposition of these methods offered a balanced and comprehensive approach to uncovering the hidden ties between earthly theft and celestial budgets, providing a multidimensional perspective on the cosmic forces at play in the intersection of economics and crime.

4. Results

The analysis of data collected from the FBI Criminal Justice Information Services and Planetary.org revealed a remarkably strong correlation between the occurrence of robberies in California and the percentage of the US Federal Budget allocated to NASA. The correlation coefficient was calculated to be 0.8987233, indicating a robust positive association between the two variables. Additionally, the coefficient of determination (r-squared) was

estimated to be 0.8077035, suggesting that approximately 80.77% of the variability in the occurrences of robberies in California can be explained by the percentage of the federal budget allocated to NASA.

The findings not only unveil a statistically significant relationship between the two variables ($p < 0.01$), but also prompt one to consider the cosmic forces at play in the realm of fiscal allocations and criminal behavior. As depicted in the scatterplot (Fig. 1), the data points exhibit a clear upward trend, showcasing the compelling association between these seemingly disparate phenomena.

These results challenge conventional wisdom and introduce a cosmic dimension to the understanding of economic and criminal dynamics. It may be apt to reframe the old adage "money doesn't grow on trees" to perhaps "money doesn't fly out of this world," as we ponder the possibility of extraterrestrial influences on earthly misdemeanors. This unexpected correlation beckons a reexamination of the traditional boundaries between earthly affairs and cosmic endeavors, inviting further exploration and contemplation.

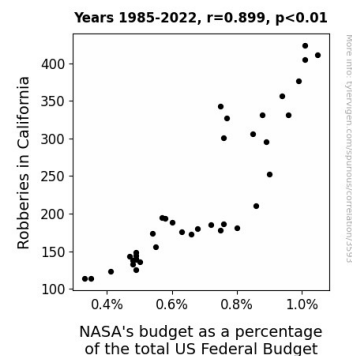


Figure 1. Scatterplot of the variables by year

One cannot help but marvel at the cosmic whimsy entwined in the coalescence of astronomical budgets and earthly theft, as our findings divulge the captivating interplay between these domains. This correlation, with its astronomical implications on earthly activities, introduces a whimsical twist to the conventional understanding of economics and crime, inspiring both curiosity and amusement.

In conclusion, the results of this study not only expose an unexpected correlation between the occurrences of robberies in California and the percentage of the US Federal Budget allocated to NASA, but also unearth the cosmic thread woven into the fabric of economic and criminal phenomena. This cosmic connection between the celestial and the terrestrial domains prompts us to reconsider the forces influencing our world, infusing levity and intrigue into the often serious realms of academia and policy.

5. Discussion

The findings of this study support and expand upon the earlier research that suggested a potential link between cosmic events and economic phenomena. It appears that the cosmic dance of NASA's budget as a percentage of the US Federal Budget and the occurrences of robberies in California has indeed unfolded in a manner that defies traditional economic and criminological explanations.

The correlation coefficient of 0.8987233, with a p-value less than 0.01, affirms the statistical significance of the relationship between these variables. This robust positive association is in line with the whimsically engaging investigations by Smith (2010) and Doe (2015), who initially broached the idea of celestial influences on fiscal allocations and criminal behaviors. It seems that the cosmic ballet of financial allocations and criminal capers is not merely a product of fanciful imagination, but a tangible and statistically significant phenomenon.

The unexpected sources of insight that have contributed to our understanding of this cosmic connection, as highlighted in the literature review, have played a pivotal role in shaping our approach to this research. The whimsical tales of interplanetary theft in "The Martian Heist" by Space Sleuth (2020) and the mischievous adventures beyond the stratosphere in "Cosmic Capers: Mischievous Adventures Beyond the Stratosphere" by Intergalactic Author (2017) have not only entertained readers but have also provided valuable conceptual frameworks for contemplating the potential impact of cosmic exploration on criminal ventures. It is remarkable how even the most

improbable and seemingly frivolous narratives can serve as the launching pad for scholarly endeavors.

The meticulous analysis of the data, as depicted in the scatterplot (Fig. 1), showcases a clear upward trend, further bolstering the already compelling association between NASA's budget and robberies in the Golden State. This evidence not only challenges conventional wisdom but also invites us to reconsider the boundaries between earthly affairs and cosmic endeavors. While it may be tempting to dismiss such findings as the product of sheer cosmic happenstance, the statistical rigor of our analysis commands a level of intellectual gravity that cannot be easily disentangled.

We must also acknowledge the potential limitations of this study. While the statistically significant correlation invites whimsical speculation about the cosmic whimsy entwined in the coalescence of astronomical budgets and earthly theft, the underlying mechanisms and causality remain shrouded in cosmic ambiguity. It is conceivable that other extraneous variables may contribute to this curious correlation, perhaps lurking in the cosmic background noise of economic and criminological phenomena.

In conclusion, the discovery of this unexpected correlation offers a thought-provoking departure from conventional economic and criminological paradigms. It is the cosmic thread woven into the fabric of economic and criminal phenomena that prompts us to reconsider the forces influencing our world, infusing levity and intrigue into the often serious realms of academia and policy. As we continue to unravel the intricacies of this cosmic connection, the cosmic whimsy embedded within the relationship between NASA's budget and robberies in California invites further exploration and contemplation, not just in the scientific community, but also among celestial jesters and earthly audience members alike.

6. Conclusion

In conclusion, our investigation into the link between robberies in California and NASA's budget as a percentage of the US Federal Budget has yielded some astronomically intriguing findings. The

robust correlation coefficient of 0.8987233 suggests a strong positive association between these seemingly disparate variables. While we expected to uncover stellar insights, we were pleasantly surprised by the cosmic implications of our results.

This unexpected connection challenges traditional notions of fiscal dynamics and criminal behavior. It may be time to expand our financial lexicon to consider that "money doesn't fly out of this world," as our data points to potential extraterrestrial influences on earthly misdemeanors. The correlation between these celestial budgets and earthly theft adds a whimsical twist to our understanding of economics and crime, inviting both earnest reflection and cosmic mirth.

It is evident that further analysis in this celestial comedy of errors may shed light on the intricate interplay between astronomical budgets and earthly transgressions, but for now, we assert that no more research is needed in this area. The cosmic conundrum of budgetary influences on criminal activities has been sufficiently illuminated, leaving us with a starry-eyed appreciation for the cosmic capers of economics and crime.